The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867. NO. 263.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

BASIL DUKE'S ACCOUNT OF MORGAN'S RAID AROUND CINCINNATI.

From Gen. Basil Duke's History of Morgan's Cavalry, we make the following extracts relating to the raid around Cincinnati.

Gen. Duke, it will be remembered, was the second in command to Morgan on this memorable raid:

"Moving at 5 o'clock, A. M., from bivouac at Summansville, Indiana, the command reached Harrison by 1 o'clock of the 13th of July. Here Gen. Morgan began to manœuvre for the benefit of the commanding officer at Cincinnati. He took for granted (for it was utterly impossible, moving as rapidly as we were forced to do, and in the midst of a strange and hostile population, to get positive information regarding any matter) that there was a strong force of regular troops in Cincinnatti. Burnside had them not far off, and Gen. Morgan supposed that they would, of course, be brought there. If we could get past Cincinnati safely, the danger of the expedition, he thought, would be more than half over. Here he expected to be confronted by the concentrated forces of Judah and Burnside, and he anticipated great difficulty in eluding or cutting his way through them. Once safely through this peril, his escape would be certain, unless the river remained so high that the transports could carry troops to intercept him at the upper crossings. The cavalry following in his rear could not overtake him as long as he kept in motion, and the infantry could not be transported so rapidly by rail to the eastern part of the State that it could be concentrated in sufficient strength to stop him. His object, therefore, entertaining these views and believing that the great effort to capture him would be made as he crossed the Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, was to deceive the enemy as to the exact point where he would cross this road, and denude that point as much as possible of troops. He sent detachments in various directions, seeking, however, to create the impression that he was marching to Hamilton.

"After two or three hours' halt at Harrison, the division moved directly toward Cincinnati, the detachment coming in the course of that afternoon. Hoping that his previous demonstration would induce the sending of the bulk of the troops up the road, and that if any were left at Cincinnati his subsequent threatening movements would cause them to draw into the city, remain on the defensive, and permit him to pass around it without attacking him, he sought to approach the city as nearly as possible without actually entering it and involving his command in a fight with any garrison which might be there. He has been sometimes accused of a lack of enterprise in not capturing Cincinnati. It must be remembered that Cincinnati was not the objective point of this raid; it was not undertaken to capture that city. Gen. Morgan knew nothing, and, in the nature of things, could know nothing, of the condition of affairs in the city, or whether it was weakly or strongly garrisoned.

"Starting that morning from a point 50 miles distant from Cincinnati, and reaching the vicinity of the city after nightfall, he must have possessed more than human means of obtaining information, had he known these things then, and he did not have a rapping medium on his staff. Moreover, of the 2,460 effectives with which he had started, he had not 2,000 left. He could get fights enough to employ this force handsomely, without running into a labyrinth of streets, and among houses, (each one of which might be made a fortification,) with the hope that the town might be unoccupied with troops, or that it might be surrendered. Our 'copperhead friends,' who could have given the necessary information, were too loyal, or too busy dodging Burnside's Dutch corporals to come out.

"The men in our ranks were worn down and demoralized with the tremendous fatigue, which no man can realize or form the faintest conception of until he has experienced it. It is as different from the fatigue of an ordinary long march, followed by some rest, as the pain given by an hour's deprivation of water is unlike the burning, rabid thirst of fever. Had the city been given up to us, and had the least delay occurred in getting boats with which to cross the river, the men would have scattered to all quarters of the city, and twenty-four hours might have been required to collect them. In that time the net would have been drawn around us. But it must be borne in mind, independently of all these considerations, that Gen Morgan had given himself a particular work to accomplish. He determined, as had been stated, to traverse Ohio.

"To have re-crossed the river at Cincinnati would have shortened the raid by many days, have released the troops pursuing us, and have abandoned the principal benefits expected to be derived from the expedition.

"In this night march around Cincinnati we met with the greatest difficulty in keeping the column together. The guides were all in front with Gen. Morgan, who rode at the head of the second brigade, then marching in advance. This brigade had no trouble, consequently. But the first brigade was embarrassed beyond measure. Duke's regiment was marching in the rear of the second brigade, and had it kept closed up we would have had no trouble, for the entire column would have been directed by the guides. But this regiment, although composed of superb material, and unsurpassed in fighting qualities, had, from the period of its organization, been under lax and careless discipline, and the effect of it was now observable.

The rear companies straggled, halted, delayed the first brigade, for it was impossible to ascertain immediately whether the halt was that of the brigade in advance or only of these straglers, and when forced to move on they would go off at a gallop. A great gap would be be thus opened between the rear of one brigade and the advance of the other, and we who were behind were forced to grope our way as best we could. When we would come to one of the many junction roads which occur in the surburbs of a large city, we would be compelled to consult all sorts of indications in order to hit upon the right road. The night was intensely dark, and we would set on fire large bundles of paper or splinters of wood to afford a light. The horses' tracks (on roads so much traveled) would give us no clue to the route which the other brigade had taken, at such points, but we could trace it by noticing the direction in which the dust 'settled' or floated. When the night is calm, the dust kicked up by the passage of a large number of horses will remain suspended in the air for a considerable length of time, and it will also move slowly in the same direction that the horses which have disturbed it have traveled. We could also trace the column by the slaver dropped from the horses' mouths.

"It was a terrible, trying march. Strong men fell out of their saddles, and at every halt the officers were compelled to move continually about in their respective companies and pull and haul the men who would drop asleep in the road—it was the only way to keep them awake. Quite a number crept off into the fields and slept until they were awakened by the enemy. At length day appeared, just as we reached the last point where we had to anticipate danger. We had passed through Glendale, and across all the principal suburban roads, and were near the Little Miami railroad. We crossed the railroad without meeting with opposition, and halted to feed the horses in sight of Camp Dennison. After a short rest here, and a picket skirmish, we resumed our march, burning in this neighborhood a park of government wagons. That evening, at 4 P. M., we were at Williamsburg, 28 miles east of Cincinnati, having marched, since leaving Summansville, in Indiana, in a period of thirty-five hours, more than 90 miles—*the greatest search that Morgan had ever made.* Feeling comparatively safe here, Gen. Morgan permitted the division to go into camp and remain for the night."

"The disposition for wholesale plunder exceeded anything that any of us had ever seen before. The men seemed actuated by a desire to 'pay off in the enemy's country' all scores that the Federal army had chalked up in the South. The great cause for apprehension, which our situation might have inspired, seemed only to make them reckless. Calico was the staple article of appropriation—each man who could get one tied a bolt of it to his saddle, only to throw it away and get a fresh one at the first opportunity. They did not pillage with any sort of method or reason—it seemed to be a mania, senseless and purposeless. One man carried a bird-cage, with three canaries in it, for two days. Another rode with a chafing-dish, which looked like a small metallic coffin, on the pummel of his saddle, until an officer forced him to throw it away. Although the weather was intensely warm, another, still, slung seven pairs of skates around his neck, and chuckled over his acquisition. I saw very few articles of real value taken—they pillaged like boys robbing an orchard. I would not have believed that such a passion could have been developed, so ludicrously, among any body of civilized men. At Piketon, O., one man broke through the guard posted at a store, rushed in (trembling with excitement and avarice) and filled his pockets with horn buttons.—They would, with few exceptions, throw away their plunder after awhile, like children tired of their toys."

"Before quitting Ohio, it is but just to acknowledge the kind hospitality of the citizens. At every house that we approached, the dwellers thereof, themselves absent, perhaps unable to endure a meeting that would have been painful, had left warm pies freshly baked upon the tables. This touching attention to our tastes was appreciated. Some individuals were indelicate enough to hint that the pies were intended to propitiate us and prevent the plunder of the houses."

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF THIS SEASON

AT

S M I T H ' S ,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF

FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN SELECTED with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF

Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS,

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit its continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS SMITH.

my 4-228-tc

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates:

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00.
Do. " Hillsboro, 2,20
Do. " Raleigh, 2,70.

Apply to

FOWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
W. N. C. R. R.

Dec 5-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

April 3-tf W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite

Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *guaring*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

NEW CAROLINA RICE,

Just received by

DOUGLAS BELL,

May 30—tf Market Square.

TO THE TRADE!

10 bbls. Superior Molasses,
10 " Porto Rico Sugar,

ALSO,

N. C. Cut and Gross Herrings,

Received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL,

June 4-253-tf Market Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 11st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE

PIANOS.

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS No. 7, W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use:) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.

May 22-243-3m

NORTH CAROLINA MILITARY AND POLYTECHNIC ACADEMY.

A GREAT SCHOOL OF THEORETICAL AND APPLIED SCIENCE!

The 2nd. Session, 9th. Academic year, opens July 1st., 1867.

PRINCIPAL STUDIES OF REGULAR COURSE:—Mathematics and Physical Sciences, Engineering, Architecture and Drawing, Latin, French and Belles Lettres, Ethics, Political Economy and History.

Diplomas conferred upon gradnates in the *Regular Course.*

Persons desiring to qualify themselves for Surveyors or Civil Engineers, are offered a

SPECIAL COURSE OF ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURE AND DRAWING.

which they may follow, in part or throughout, to the exclusion of all studies unnecessary to their purpose.

A COMMERCIAL COURSE

is given to those who wish to prepare for business life.

No military duties, beyond enough drill for healthy exercise. Expenses moderate. Location healthy.

For circulars containing full information, address,

GEN. R. E. COLSTON, Supt.
Hillsborough, N. C.

May 24-td.

COTTON PLOWS.

Just received another supply of March's New Patented COTTON PLOW. They give universal satisfaction.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

my 6-228-tf

DRY GOODS.

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

AND

GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIZENS of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes,

Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices.

Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.

May 2-226-2m.

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON BLOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first-class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

FANCY ENVELOPES AND PAPERS.

Just received at Fentress' Corner by

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 25-246-tf

GOODRICH'S SCHOOL HISTORIES OF

FRANCE,
ENGLAND,
GREECE,
ROME,
THE WORLD,
THE UNITED STATES,
CHILDS PICTORIAL HISTORY, &c.

Just to hand at Fentress's Corner, our new stand.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 29-249-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
25 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-169-tf

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR.

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices.*

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 4-228-tf

PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

Just received [quality warranted,] by

DOUGLAS BELL,

June 7-256-tf Market Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.

April 6-235-1ywad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
April 6—235-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA.

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

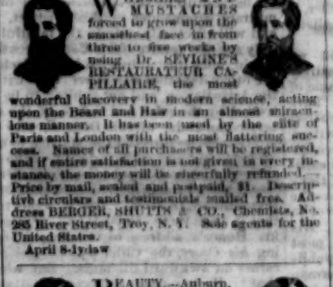
CHASTELLAR'S

Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.
April 8-1ydaw



WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success, and of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and post-paid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEDREUX FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls.—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jones Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

☞ 2-1-1y-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, P. M. GARRETT.

Feb 15-162

JOHN S. DANCY, JOHN H. HYMAN,
OF TARBORO, N.C., OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Produce, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country. Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5-tf Raleigh, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

AND SALE OF PROPERTY.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR on the estate of JOHN O'ROURK dec'd. at Fall Term 1867, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Wake County, I hereby notify creditors of the estate to present their claims within the time prescribed by law; and the debtors to make payment.

There will be a *Sale* of the personal property belonging to the estate, on Tuesday the 18th. of June next, at the late residence of the deceased, near the city of Raleigh, upon the usual terms. With other personal effects will be sold the growing crops of *Rye, Wheat and Oats.*

PATRICK FERRALL,
Administrator.

Raleigh, N. C. May 29-eod18J.

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSINESS intrusted to his care.

Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

Jar 31-tf

IRON AND TIN WARE.

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
April 11-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Balwier Knives and Forks, and Knives only.

Guano Droppers, made and on hand.

J. BROWN,
April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL

AT 45, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.

J. BROWN,
April 29-224-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware.
Bowls and Pitchers.
Edged and C. C. Plates.
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.

ALSO,

Framed Looking Glasses.

J. BROWN,
April 29-219-tf With HART & LEWIS.

COOKING STOVES

We have received a large addition to our stock.

COOKING STOVES.

Various Patterns.

J. BROWN,
May 21-242 With HART & LEWIS.

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL

1867 ROAD. 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rates.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88 Liberty Street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. P. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R & G R R.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	8.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.40 P. M.
" " leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make CLOSE connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Sup't.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has long been superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERED Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1,00
For two months	2,00
Three months	2,50
Six months	5,0
One year	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5,00
" " six months	2,50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 00
" " six months	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867.

REGISTRATION.

We regret to learn, as we do through the medium of letters received from various portions of the State, that so much misapprehension exists as to the nature of the obligation which persons applying for registration are required to take. We are informed that many persons, in different localities, as at present advised, are indisposed to register, through fear of unwittingly violating that oath. The fact speaks well for our people. There is too much cause to apprehend that some, in the South, who have heretofore taken the "iron-clad," have not been so scrupulous or particular.

It is a matter of supreme importance that the press and leading men in the State should throw all the light possible upon this subject, and, in their plain duty of inducing the people to register, should see to it that they are thoroughly instructed with regard to the character of the prescribed oath. It is greatly to be regretted that the recent exposition of the Attorney General was so indefinite in itself, and so covered up with verbiage, as, in the main, to confuse rather than enlighten. The forthcoming abstracts, it is much to be desired, will be explicit and unquestionable upon all the now controverted points.

Meanwhile, it will be well, not only that the oath itself should be constantly kept before the public, but that it should be as thoroughly analyzed and explained for their benefit, as we are capable of doing with the lights before us.

The applicant for registration must swear that he "has not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony," &c. As *this* disfranchisement can only be the result of conviction, after due trial, there can be no difficulty in taking this clause of the oath.

He must next swear that "he has never been a member of any State Legislature or held any executive or judicial office in any State, *and afterwards* engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof." What is this "engaging" and what "giving aid and comfort" have been satisfactorily defined by the Attorney General. Involuntary service in the army, the payment of taxes, common individual acts of charity and humanity to soldiers, do not disfranchise; but organized contributions for the army, and investments in Confederate securities, do. What are "judicial or executive offices" are yet to be specified. That, however, will be done in ample time to relieve the doubts and fix the status of all.

The test of the whole matter is this: Has the applicant, in any of the prescribed capacities, State or Federal, (after it shall have been defined *what* were judicial or executive offices,) taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States *and afterwards* "engaged," &c. These two things must concur to work disfranchisement, in the order of sequence,—the taking the oath *and* subsequent participation in rebellion, either actively or by giving aid and comfort in the manner indicated by the Attorney General. In other words, mere participation in the rebellion disqualifies no man either as a voter or an office-holder. To disfranchise a citizen, he must have held office under the United States Government, or an Executive, Legislative or Judicial office under the State Government, (the definition, we repeat, of judicial or executive office, to be hereafter given,) *in addition* to "participation in the rebellion," and *after* holding any such office.

THE FIRST cotton factory erected South of the Potomac was in the vicinity of Lincolnton, North Carolina, in 1815. It was erected by Michael Schenck, and subsequently led to the construction of the large factory at Catawba. This was located two miles south of Lincolnton, and was destroyed by fire during the war. The Lincolnton *Courier* has been shown the spindles used in the first cotton factory mentioned above.

ANSON.—An intelligent gentleman from this county informs us that the crops in the Pee Dee section, though somewhat backward, generally promise well. The colored population is industrious and orderly, and the best accord exists between the two races. This is owing to the fact that, as yet, this county has not been invaded by Northern Radical missionaries.

WHY THE PRESIDENT WAS NOT IMPEACHED.—The Washington correspondent of the *Commercial* writes as follows:

"We suspect that one of the strongest reasons for not urging impeachment at this time is, that if Ben Wade got into the Presidential chair he could not be got out until 1873. This would spoil the little plan of Colfax & Co., for the nomination in 1868.—We have always believed that if Mr. Fessenden had been elected Vice-President instead of Mr. Wade, the President would have been impeached, for Mr. Fessenden would not have been in anybody's way in 1868. Certain it is that men who but the day before were fierce for impeachment, no sooner did they find Mr. Wade the Vice President than they turned around and became eminently conservative or openly against that measure. Curiously enough, all the gentlemen thus affected were either candidates for the Presidency or expected to be. One of them, when asked by a friend about it, and who no doubt represented the views of the others, said: 'Well, sir, I was for impeachment, but when old Ben Wade was elected Vice-President I went against it, for you know I have some ambition, and if that old devil ever gets into the Presidential chair we can't get him out until he dies.'"

In few instances do we notice the least preparation for the observance of the approaching Fourth of July.

"RADICAL"

MR. Henry Wilson, in his speech in this City, said that of all the words in the English language the word "conservative" was the "meanest." Perhaps no utterance of the present day is so sadly illustrative of the political profligacy and degeneracy of the times in which we live. That a term expressive of all that is hallowed in constitutions or valuable in government should be so stigmatized, marks a fearful era. The preservation of the landmarks of civil liberty, the restraint of popular turbulence and passion, the subordination of mob caprice or violence to the well-regulated maxims of law, the confinement of license and aggression within the metes and bounds of constitutional restriction, are all embraced in the ideas conveyed by the term "conservative"—but it is reserved for this generation, and for a Senator of the "model Republic," to characterize it as not only an obsolete designation, but a badge of shame.

Per contra, in Mr. Wilson's estimation, the word "Radical" is a glorious adjective, —expressive of progress, political enlightenment, and all that. We sought to know, some time since, from an intelligent advocate of "Radical" theories, what was comprehended in the shibboleth. He referred us to the etymology of the word, as explanatory of its literal meaning, as well as party signification. "Going to the root of things!" "*Tearing up by the roots* is full as legitimate a derivation, and far more suggestive of the designs of the destructive party that calls itself by the name. A violent remedy for physical or political ills, and one that will surely kill the patient in the end!

A goodly tree that has shared the growth of years, that has afforded shade and shelter beneath its ample branches, that has gladdened the eye by its ample and inviting foliage, and weathered many a storm before, is bent and warped by one more severe than any that has preceded it. Instead of kindly helping nature, propping up its tottering trunk, tightening the earth about its base, or lopping off some limb that is a weight and incumbrance, the "Radical" cure would be to *tear it up by the roots* and thus destroy it finally and altogether.

The analogy is not a strained one. The Constitution of the United States, for more than three quarters of a century, was the great chart of civil liberty. The government was the beau ideal of sages and patriots, and afforded protection and dispensed blessings to millions. The country was the asylum of the oppressed and the exile. Suffering from the effects of a terrible strife, that, in its course, has laid its hand upon the Constitution, made fearful inroads on the character of the government, and rocked the country to its centre,—what are the methods by which "Radical" doctors would repair the injuries thus wrought? Consult the warnings and counsels of the fathers of the Republic,—fill up the breaches that have been made,—repair the shattered Constitution,—re-build as near as may be the government on its old and sure foundations, preserving everything that was valuable and useful in the material? No, that would be "conservative," and Senator Wilson says it would be *mean*. But they would tear up the whole by the roots and build up instead a great consolidated system, with all its powers concentrated in one department,—a grand *monarchical Democracy*, if we may use such an apparent contradiction of terms; only apparent, however, for, of all the despotisms on earth, we can conceive of none more appalling than an unfettered, universal-suffrage, unbridled democracy!

Yes, *to tear up by the roots* all the old guideposts of government,—all the venerated usages of the past,—all the discriminations of caste and color, and all the distinctions that have ennobled political privileges and solemnized civic duties,—this is *Radicalism*. From the rule of which fell spirit, may Heaven rescue the land!

ON DIT.—It is rumored that the Union *Register*, of Greensboro', is to be removed to this City, in the course of a few weeks, and placed under the editorial control of D. R. Goodloe, Esq. The paper thus transferred will be, it is understood, the organ of the Republican party of the State. Mr. Goodloe is a gentleman of much ability as a writer, and we are quite sure that, if we should ever have occasion to shiver a lance together, it will not be at the expense of journalistic courtesies.—*Sentinel*.

We have heard the same rumor, and we incline to the belief that it is not entirely without foundation. Whether the name of the paper will be changed or not we have not heard. We concur with all the *Sentinel* says about Mr. Goodloe's ability as a writer. Though a life long abolitionist, and identified with the Republican party from its earliest existence, he yet entertains none of those feelings of intense bitterness towards the Southern people which is the disgrace of so many of those with whom he acts. His paper, we take it, will represent the most moderate and conservative type of Republicanism—that type of which Senator Sherman may be regarded a representative man. It will, we suppose, take ground for reconstruction in exact compliance with the laws of Congress, nothing less and nothing *more*. Nor do we expect to hear our people constantly denounced as *rebels* and *traitors* through its columns, as is now the case with the papers in this State professing to be Republican. If it should take such a course as this, and we think from what we know of the kind and genial disposition, as well as the philosophic turn of mind of Mr. Goodloe, that it will, it will probably encounter but little opposition, unless it should come from the extreme radicals.—*Old North State*.

A CLOSE ELECTION.—Flanders was chosen Governor of Lousiana by a majority of one vote, that cast by a certain Sheridan. The majority rules. *Vive La Republique*.

The London *Times* says by the fall of the empire one chance of civilization has been lost to Mexico.

By a singular typographical error the title of an article in an exchange reads, "Cincinnati as seen by a stranger—how it stuck him."

A non-contagious fever has been raging on the island of Mauritius, and has caused the death of nearly 14,000 persons. Cause—filth.

The Postmaster General will, July 1., establish in various parts of the country 400 new money-order post-offices, which will make the whole number 1,196.

For the Sentinel.

THE JUDICIARY.

The powers wielded by this organ or department of government are necessarily immense. Judicial power, from its very nature, is ample and latitudinary, and scarcely admits of restriction within narrowly defined limits. Thus no definition of power, no limitation of jurisdiction, no organization of the courts, can prevent evils and occlude oppression, if virtue as well as learning do not preside therein. The powers wielded by the judiciary come home to the bosom, and affect the interest and the private transactions of the best and greatest, and of the meanest and humblest in society. Privileges, rights the dearest and most sacred, property of untold value, reputation, liberty, life, are all dependent upon the decision of one or a few individuals, whose learning and industry, and virtue, and moral courage, are daily, nay hourly, put in requisition on these accounts; and if there is failure in either of these requirements, the lasting ruin of individuals and of families, of communities and States, may follow.—How necessary is it, then, that the source of judicial power should be pure and competent, and as *eminently pure* as competent; and above all, that it should flow from a source as independent of, and as exempt as possible from, all the bitter influences of *partisan politics!* Yet, in *these days*, some judges go so far, at least, as to industriously cast off the *intrinsic dignity* of their office, and to practice *such ways*, as would seem to be purposely done, that they may be in *better keeping* with the *ultra radicalism* which brought them into power. In such cases, they more faithfully represent their parent source than that august majesty of law and order and decency, which, in the mind and heart of every true man, is encompassed with a halo of virtue and dignity, as well as of sense and learning.

"I go with my party,"—said an eminent political leader, in reply to a question expressive of great surprise at his course,—"But not if the matter be wicked and unconstitutional," rejoined the other. "Certainly not, *if* it be wicked and unconstitutional; but, nevertheless, I go with my party, for there must be a *tribunal* of the last resort." Such is the miserable logic, and worse morals, of every partisan—such his wretched distinction between *moral* honesty and *political* honesty. And when *moral* honesty is forced to blush, shall *political* honesty, with brazen front and unshaken nerve, cry out, *peace, all is well!* Oh shame, that an enlightened and christianized people, with a republican form of government, should tolerate such a distinction! If this, indeed, be the morals of our age, our country, then isand of it time, with fearful anticipations, to provide against the future, if practicable. But who will bring into action an antagonistic principle that may redeem us from the impending ruin? And who, looking through the vista of time, can foster a cheering confidence in the permanency of our institutions? Who shall say whether virtue and patriotism, or vice and political corruption, shall obtain the permanent mastery? Alas, who? When judges become *political leaders* and *civic saints!*

It was a wise maxim of the divine Plato, never to use violence, or in anywise to do injury to his country, any more than to his parents. But is it not frequently the case with patriotism, as with filial affection, that both relations are often greatly, though insidiously, infringed and outraged by them? Thus, it seems to us, that he is the worst of enemies and traitors to his country, who bluntly disregards the decorums of exalted station and the obvious fitness of things, and under the guise and formulæ of law, yields everything, without emotion, to the mere requisitions of an unprincipled party. Time was, and late hath been, when, if the Judiciary had exhibited *partisan influences*, it would have excited the greatest alarm, and been vehemently denounced as the hydra fire, or dreadful whirlpool, that would surely poison or engulph our liberties. But the times have changed, and we have changed with them. We are now "pleased with a feather, and tickled with a straw;" we idolize our political leaders, and go fast asleep over our rights; we endure with brutish patience the unnumbered ills that flow from the quack experiments of our charlatan rulers, and hug and kiss the chain and rod that binds and lashes us; we consent to the destruction of the present generation for a phantom said to be good for remote posterity, or for the still more idle gratification of some political dotard's fancies. What a spectacle!

General Order No. 10, issued by the General commanding, in District No. 2, forbids the collection of debts of a certain character, within his jurisdiction, on account of the impoverished condition of his people.—But Judge Chase charged from the bench, that a Court of law and justice, at least his Circuit Court, now holden in Military District No. 2, was not subject to the military rules and orders issued by the commanding General of the District, and, therefore, *graciously allows* proceedings at law against our people, for the collection of all Northern claims. In other words, the Chief Justice of the United States actually orders us to settle up, to the last cent, our indebtedness to our Northern masters, when he knows full well, that the potency of General Order No. 10, backed up by the *operative force* of the military commander of this District, may and will effectually restrain the faithful and *duly satisfied* return of *his* Court executions. Again, notwithstanding his Honor declared, the other day, that *his Court* was without the jurisdiction, and not subject to be controlled by the rules and orders, of the military commander of this District, two days afterwards he directed the Marshal to make up his grand and petit juries by virtue and authority of, and in obedience to, General Order No. 32, from the General commanding this military District. Now it seems to us, that in both these respects, as well as in his Honor's address to the Bar, in opening *his Court*, the Chief Justice gets into rather an awkward dilemma. But what of that? No important objects are attained. He *actually* obliges his colored friends, of the South, in the one instance, and *seems* to serve his black Republican friends of the North, in the other; while each is done under the semblance of law and justice. Oh my country, how hast thou fallen!

In former days, how faithfully did this ark of our liberties—the judiciary—struggle for its constitutional rights, its prescriptive dignity! How nobly did it seek to keep intact, its pristine independence and glory, its chartered privileges, its conservative influences! But alas, how ineffectually! The Upas of a radical Congress permits no vigorous growths to flourish near it, none that can infuse vitality to the surrounding atmosphere for the support of *other and independent existences*. All that springs not from that parent tree, must instantly perish, or wither to a dwarfish size under its poisonous influence. Usurpation is not the less sure and fatal in its effects, from being slow and insidious; it needs to seek no open violence, by arms or blood, to achieve its unholy purposes. There are *moral* as well as *physical* means of destruction; hidden, as well as open, and slow, as well as rapid, poisons. Usurpation can very well effect its work, *non ei, sed sceps cædendo*; and this, indeed, of all other modes, is the most to be dreaded, because the least perceived.

When shall the lustre and renown of this bulwark of our liberties, of which it hath been lately so furtively, but daringly, robbed, be restored? When shall the pure halo of its former just renown and glory again encircle it? Only when the frenzy of the wildest politics shall have subsided, and the reckless political leaders of our day abandon their selfishness, and the people shall discover that the *outs* are more wise and virtuous and patriotic than the *ins*. Or when these disturbing elements, after *due fermentation*, shall settle down, and leave us the clear and strong residuum of a prosperous and enduring government. Then judicial interpretation, firm and simple, *sans cant*, and in its exercise, as all history proves, judicial legislation will be sure to follow in close and almost inseparable alliance.

CIVIS.

(Washington Cor. N. Y. Herald, June 12.)

TENNESSEE.

In the case of the outrages alleged to have committed by the Tennessee State militia, instructions have been given to Gen. Thomas, commanding the department of the Cumberland, to investigate the acts of violence said to have been perpetrated. On Thursday last General Whipple, of Gen. Thomas' staff, was in Winchester County, Tennessee, engaged in examining into the murder of James Brown, of Franklin County. After concluding his investigations Gen. Whipple will report the result to the department commander, when there can be no doubt whatever that in case the petition and affidavits are found to set forth the facts, summary measures will be taken to protect peaceable and law abiding citizens from like persecution in the future, and that the work of official decapitation will go on briskly for a time in Tennessee.

The petition of over eight hundred residents of Franklin County, accompanied by numerous affidavits, presented to the President by Mr. Jesse Arlidge, a few nights ago, gives an alarming description of affairs in Tennessee, and information now in possession of the government proves beyond a doubt that Tennessee is to day further behind in the work of reconstruction than any other of the Southern States. The petition of the Tennesseeans concludes as follows:

"Your Excellency having been personally acquainted with us as a people, and knowing how dearly we loved our rights, and how jealously we guarded them, can appreciate how exquisitely we felt their loss. But notwithstanding all this, we were content to bear our wrongs in silence, and we would not trouble your Excellency now with our grievances, were it not that the iron heel of despotism upon our necks may no longer be borne. All that is left us is our lives and little property, and although our history since the war is without reproach, as we have shown your Excellency, yet our rulers, affecting to question our loyalty, have organized a band of reckless, dissolute and irresponsible men, and turned them loose to do their will upon us. We submitted to their humiliating threatenings, being determined to do no act that would afford them a pretext to wreak their malice upon us. The officer in charge, in a public order addressed to our people, announced in a most offensive manner that he had come among us for the purpose of enforcing and bringing criminals to justice, and at that time we had but one more at large under indictment for murder, and he had been absconding and concealing himself for two years to escape arrest, upon an indictment for murder perpetrated in 1869, and also for a second murder perpetrated in 1864, while he belonged to the rebel army. Notwithstanding these facts, and on the face of his published order, the officer in charge received the murderer into his command, and he is now going publicly around, to the terror of the people. We have been informed and believe that the party alluded to is one of the most respectable men in the command, and we refer to him for the reason that he is one of the few men of whose character we can speak with certainty, and not for the purpose of fixing him with an infamy that could distinguish him above his fellows.—This band of armed desperadoes, seething with hatred toward our people, and falsely pretending to be the guardians of the law, began their depredations upon us by wanton searches of our homes and the seizure of our property, falsely pretending that they had authority to search our houses and seize our stock as the property of the United States government. In the exercise of this pretended authority they have robbed us, cursed and abused our wives and children, and denounced all who questioned their right. They have taken from our farms the means of making their crops in some instances, and appropriated the property so taken to their own use. They maintain their right to take the property of our citizens with impunity. They have kept our community in constant terror by threatening the lives of many of our citizens. They went to the house of one of our citizens in the night time, and fired several shots at him, and he saved his life only by flight.—They took another quiet, law abiding citizen from beside his hearthstone, and despite the tears and prayers of his wife and aged father, they took him to the woods and shot him down like a dog. These red handed murderers are still at large, and are denouncing the most terrible vengeance against all who question their prerogative to rob and slay us at their will. Impoverished as we are, many of our people in that portion of our country have been forced to abandon their houses and their growing crops in order to save their lives, and in every part of our country our people are filled with fear and apprehension; and, indeed, so absolute and complete is the reign of terror they have inaugurated, that many of our people are afraid to meet with us to peaceably present our wrongs to the consideration of your Excellency. This terrible state of affairs is beyond endurance, and inasmuch as this cruel, bloody, lawless band was organized, armed and set over us by our State authorities—inasmuch as it is your duty as Chief Magistrate to see that the laws are faithfully executed—inasmuch as we have the right to peaceably assemble ourselves together to petition for the redress of our grievances, and inasmuch as we have an abiding confidence in your solicitude for the welfare and protection of all law abiding citizens, without reference to their antecedents or political sentiments, we therefore earnestly entreat your Excellency, if you question either the propriety or expediency of removing the lawless band which is oppressing us, that you will send to our country a sufficient number of national troops to protect our persons and property and bring to punishment the murderers of our people."

An injured wife has petitioned the St Louis courts for a divorce from her husband. According to her complaint, the first chill her affections received was on the wedding tour, when she caught cold and was not allowed to have a fire at the hotel, on account of the expense. Her next shock was from a tough beefsteak seasoned with lard. The deadly stab was the husband's refusal to furnish her with a feather bed. A killing blow was his unkindness to her sisters; but the "unkindest cut" of all was his reticence at the dinner table; he did not help her to the mutton chops; failed to pass the potatoes; neglected to furnish her plate with vegetables, and left her to help herself. These indignities preyed upon her health and wrecked her peace of mind, and she now appeals to the courts for redress.

Douglas Jerrold calls woman's arms "the serpents that wind about a man's neck, killing his best resolutions." The "oldest inhabitant" says he don't object to them kind o' serpents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }
SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, SPRING TERM, 1867.
David Taylor and others } Attachment.
vs.
Alanson Capehart }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Alanson Capehart, is a non-resident of the State: Therefore, it is ordered, that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks, notifying the defendant to be and appear at the next term of our Superior Court of Law, to be held for said County, at the Court House in Windsor, on the third Monday of September next, then and there to answer, plead or demur; or judgment will be taken *pro confesso*.
Witness DUNCAN C. WINSTON, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, on the 3rd Monday of March, A. D. 1867.
DUNCAN C. WINSTON, Clerk.
June 15-w6w

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.
NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL IMULEMENTS, MECHANICS' Tools and supplies. General Hardware, Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.
mar 30-199-1t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }
SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, SPRING TERM, 1867.
Wm. J. Capehart, } Attached.
vs.
Wm T. Shaw. }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Wm. T. Shaw, is a non-resident of the State; Therefore, it is ordered, that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks, notifying the defendant to be and appear at the next term of our Superior Court of Law, to be held for said county, at the Court House in Windsor, on the third Monday of September next, then and there to answer, plead or demur; or judgment will be taken *pro confesso*.
Witness, DUNCAN C. WINSTON, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, on the third Monday of March, A. D. 1867
DUNCAN C. WINSTON, Clerk.
June 15-w6w

ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
CORNER OF SIXTH AND CALLOWHILL STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.
SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Winter session commences October 7, 1867. Professors' tickets, $60; Matriculation, $5; Diploma, $30. Thirty students of limited means taken at $30 for professors' tickets. Additional particulars, address Prof. J. Sites, M. D., Dean, 802, North sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
TEXT BOOKS. John Buchanan's Practice and Surgery, illustrated, 880 pages, $6; J. Sites' Obstretrics, Diseases of Women and Children, illustrated, price $4.50, free of postage. Address Prof. J. Buchanan, College Building, corner Sixth and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia.
H. HOLLEMBACK'S Eclectic Materia Medica, 700 pages, 124 illustrations, price $4, free of postage. Address Prof. H. Hollembach, M. D., College Building, corner Sixth and Callowhill streets Philadelphia.
June 14-262-1t

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY.
The Fall Session will begin July 8th, 1867.
TERMS. (per Session of 21 weeks:) Board with the Principals (washing, lights and towels not included) $75,00
English Tuition, 20,00
Latin, Greek and French, each extra 5,00
Circulars sent on application.
M. S. DAVIS, } Principals.
H. E. SHEPHERD. }
June 14-262-1d

DR. WILSON'S SCHOOL,
MELVILLE, ALAMANCE Co., N. C.
THE next session of this Institution will commence July 18th.
For circular, apply to either of the Principals.
REV. A. WILSON, D. D., } Principals.
DR. JNO. WILSON, }
June 14-262-2awiwlsaw

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.
Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.
The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867. The course of study to be pursued is thorough; the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.
EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:
Board, $10,00 per month, $100,00.
Tuition, College Classes, 40,00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory) 30,00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about 25,00.
All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.
For further particulars, send for a Prospectus. Address,
L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
INCORPORATED MAY 1846,
ASSETS OVER
15,000,000,00
INCOME OVER $6,500,000,00.
The Largest Life Insurance Company in the World!

IT HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars all belong to the Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and not withstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, there is now a surplus of
OVER 6,000,000,00,
It has had, through its entire history, the smallest average expenses, and, therefore, it is the safest and
CHEAPEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN EXISTENCE.
The Ætna Life's General Agent of N. C., in last week's paper, made a statement as follows: "The ratio of the Ætna's expenses to premiums and total income is less than that of the Connecticut Mutual." He surely has not seen the State of New York's Commissioners Report, ending Dec. 31, 1866: "Ratio of expenses to premiums and interest, Connecticut Mutual 11.11, Ætna 16,60; to premiums only, Connecticut Mutual 13,44, Ætna 17,59." "That Company in which the average expenses are the lowest and the rate of interest obtained on investments is the highest (other things being equal,) affords life insurance at the least cost; also the Company is the safest in which the largest number is insured."
THAT COMPANY IS THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL.
This Company gives the Policy holder a credit or forbearance of one half his premium, and in case of early death, the number of dividends will always equal the number of out-standing credits. All policies non-forfeitable by their terms, or may be made so at the option of the insured. For further information apply to,
SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.
Office with P. F. Pescud, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.
June 13-261-1w

FANS! FANS!! FANS!!!
Warm weather has come at last, and, with it
10,000 FANS OF ALL SIZES AND DESCRIPTIONS,
PAPERED, SILVERED, LINEN, FOLDING AND POCKET FANS.
We have bought out a Frenchman, who lately failed in New York, and we can now sell you a better Fan at 15c. than you ever bought before at 25c.
Call AND PROCURE A BEEDE.
W. H. & R. R. TUCKER & CO.
May 30-250-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING!
YOUTH'S CLOTHING!
BOYS' CLOTHING!
PRICES LESS THAN IN 1860!
FABRICS AS RELIABLE!
WORKMANSHIP the same! UNEQUALED in Cut! We can sell a *Suit of Clothes for less money than the Cloth and Trimmings will Cost* bought at retail.
CALL AND SEE OUR
NEW STOCK OF SUMMER CLOTHING,
Dress Frocks, Sacks, Vests, Pants, &c.,
AT
R. B. ANDREWS & CO.
Successors to E. L. HARRISON.
June 1-252-1m

JUST RECEIVED,
A handsome lot of BOYS' CLOTHING.
R. B. ANDREWS & CO.
June 1-252-1m

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.
RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,
and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall.
Feb20-165-tf JAMES M. TOWLES, Auctioneer.

IRISH POTATOES.
5 bbls. Jackson Whites, (selected for family use,) received to-day by
DOUGLAS BELL.
May 31-251-tf

BANK OF THE STATE OF N. C.
THE GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, in this City, on Monday, the 1st. day of July next.
C. DEWEY,
Raleigh, June 6-255-eodtd Agent.

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
WILL BE OPENED 1ST. OF JUNE, 1867.
The popular and far-famed WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in Greenbrier county, West Virginia, will be open the ensuing season for the accommodation of a large number of visitors, and will be kept in the best style by the Lessees, GEORGE, L. PEYTON & CO., assisted by WILLIAM H. PEYTON, brother of the principal, both of whom are experienced hotel-keepers.
Near the White Sulphur is an excellent Chalybeate Spring.
Rosenberger's celebrated BRASS AND STRING BAND of Baltimore has been engaged for the season.
The rights of parties owning Cottages at these Springs will be respected upon their giving timely notice to the lessees of their purpose to occupy them.
The railroad will be completed to Covington by 1st. July; from thence to the Springs by stage, and a sufficiency of coaches will be provided to ensure comfort to passengers, as not over ten will go upon a single coach.
Cholera is unknown in the regions of the White Sulphur Springs.
GEO. L. PEYTON & CO.
June 1-252-6w

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
STILL THEY COME AND GO!
NEW ARRIVALS.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.
Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.
Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.
Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.
Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.
I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.
I keep *no time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.
Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.
A. CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

HEALING SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.
THIS DELIGHTFUL WATERING PLACE IS now open for visitors, the buildings have all been painted and put in thorough repair, and will accommodate
THREE HUNDRED PERSONS.
The route from the South is by way of Petersburg, Lynchburg or Richmond, and the Virginia Central Rail Road and its connections, to Millboro' Depot, thence by a daily line of stages, 23 miles, over a turnpike road to the Springs.
The medicinal virtues of the Waters are generally and favorably known. It would be useless, in the limits of an advertisement, to attempt to give a statement of the cures effected by their use. They have proved highly efficacious in the worst cases of Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Liver, Bladder, Kidneys, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Cutaneous Diseases &c.
HOT AND COLD, SPOUT AND SHOWER BATHS AND PLUNGE BATHS,
can be had at all times.
Pure Freestone Water from the Mountains is conveyed through the principal buildings, affording an ample supply for all purposes. After the 1st. of June, there will be a daily mail and a daily line of stages to the Springs.
An experienced Physician will reside at the Springs during the season.
Board $3 per day, $20 per week.
JOHN L. EUBANK,
June 13-261-2w Agent.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD CO.
RALEIGH, N. C. June 11th. 1867.
THE next annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Raleigh, on Thursday, the 4th. day of July next.
W. W. VASS,
June 13-261-td Treasurer

BANKRUPT LAW, BY JAMES,
Just received at
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 21-242-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION BOOKS,
BURROW'S MUSIC PRIMERS,
BAXTER'S SAINTS' REST,
SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES,
SPLENDID COLORED ENGRAVINGS,
CHILDREN'S ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,
ROBINSON CRUSOE, &c., &c.
Just to hand at our new Store, next to Tucker's New Hall.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 12-260-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF
SINKING WELLS,
OR
THE NEW LABOR SAVING
ECONOMICAL PUMPS.
HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.
As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.
OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;
No. 2, $30,
WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.
We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which will run it an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.
This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.
Address correspondence for information, specifications or orders, to
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS.
OPEN JUNE 1.
This favorite and delightful watering-place, having undergone thorough renovation, is prepared to receive visitors. The owners have made every effort in the outfit and equipment to render the place more than ever attractive to those in quest of recreation, while to the invalid its medicinal waters hold out new hopes of health. It may be confidently claimed for them 1 at they have in a great many cases relieved, and in many more cases cured, the following diseases: SCROFULA, and many chronic CUTANEOUS diseases; CHRONIC THROAT, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, DROPSY, AFFECTIONS of KIDNEY and BLADDER, and PILES; and, in connection with the HOT BATHS, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.
As an appetizer, a tonic, and general restorative to an enfeebled constitution, it is perhaps unrivalled amongst mineral waters. The proprietors have engaged for the approaching season
A VERY SUPERIOR BAND OF MUSIC,
both for the LAWN and the BALL-ROOM.
THE BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOONS,
both for ladies and gentlemen, will be found in more complete order than ever before.
From the very extensive preparations now making at all the leading Virginia Springs, a heavy travel is anticipated, and, we think, will be attracted. It shall be the aim of the undersigned to keep their establishment FULLY UP TO THE FOREMOST; and they hope to see a renewal of the social re-unions which in former years lent such a charm to these mountain retreats.
Passengers by the Virginia Central railroad get off the cars at GOSHEN Depot. Eight (8) miles of staging over a smooth road lands them at the Springs.
BOARD, $3,50 PER DAY; $20 PER MONTH.
We have secured the efficient services of Captain WILLIAM H. SALE, so long and favorably known to the public, in connection with these Springs.
FRAZIER & RANDOLPH, Proprietors.
PERCELL, LADD & CO., Richmond;
A. B. BUCKNER, Lynchburg;
COLEMAN & ROGERS, Baltimore;
HAGEMAN & CO., New York;
Agents for sale of the Water and Mass or Salts.
May 25-246-6w

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.
The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:
WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.
SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.
Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.
HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.
Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.
ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.
Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.
AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)
Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.
ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.
Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.
COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.
Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.
THROUGH TICKETS
can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.
THE PROPRIETORS
of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of
NEW FURNITURE, &c.
in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.
May 30-250-4m*

GRAIN CRADLES.
Just received a supply of Sinclair's Patent 5 and 6 finger Grain Cradles—the very best make out. Orders solicited at once.
JAMES M. TOWLES.
May 28-tf Agent.

SOM

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of parties interested is called to the additional Court notices from Bertie County.

Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern, give important information to Agriculturists and Mechanics.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The Grand Jury of this Court, on yesterday, presented D. H. Starbuck, Esq., U. S. District Attorney, for perjury, in having taken the iron-clad oath of office,—Mr. Starbuck having been a member of the State Convention of 1861, though subsequent to the passage of the secession ordinance. At the request of Mr. S., the Chief-Justice appointed counsel to conduct an investigation into the matter.—Col. Thos. Ruffin, being first designated, declined, for private reasons, to act, when B. F. Moore, Esq., reluctantly consented to serve.

It is understood that several other officials were presented for the same offence, but as their names have not yet publicly transpired, we refrain from giving them until such is the case, which will doubtless be in a day or two.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to see the Hon. D. M. Barringer back again in the City.

A number of distinguished gentlemen are in attendance upon the Supreme Court.—Among the number we see the Hons. W. A. Graham, Z. B. Vance and W. N. H. Smith, P. H. Winston and H. A. Gilliam, Esqrs., and others.

SUPREME COURT.—The Johnston Will-case was under argument again before this tribunal on yesterday. Hon. Thos. Bragg addressed the Court in behalf of the appellants, and was replied to by the Hon. W. N. H. Smith, for the propounders. The arguments of both gentlemen are said to have been learned and able.

FUNERAL SERVICE.—The remains of Capt. Norris, formerly of Selma, Alabama, who was mortally wounded on the retreat from Raleigh, at the time of Sherman's entrance into the city, and who died and was buried at Chapel Hill, will reach this city this morning at 9½ o'clock. They will be immediately taken to the Memorial Cemetery for re-interment. The burial service will be read by the Rev. Bennett Smedes.

A (N)ICE arrangement has been made by Fraps, who sends around his wagon with clear "hard water," each morning, for the accommodation of the public. It will, without doubt, be liberally patronized during the dog days.

Speaking of dogs,—to-day is the last allowed by the municipal ordinance for dogs of wandering habits, *minus* a collar, to abide on this "sublunary." Owners will take warning, accordingly.

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.—One of the institutions that we greatly need in this community is a circulating library. Through no other agency, can information and knowledge be so readily diffused. Our people are too poor to *buy* books, except such as may be absolutely necessary for scholastic or professional purposes. There is less *reading* in the community at large than at any previous period. This is the result of the causes we have mentioned, as also of the further reason that the people have to work harder and longer than ever before "to make both ends meet." But the two may be well combined. *Hugh Miller* was a great worker all his life, but it was in his moments of relaxation from labor, through the medium of circulating libraries and the hearing of cheap, popular lectures, that he laid the foundations of his after-greatness.

It seems to us that Branson & Farrar, Williams & Lambeth, or the Methodist Bookstore, might establish one of these libraries, which, under proper and guarded rules, would not only be a source of profit to themselves, but of incalculable good to the community.

WM. S. GILMER, Esq., an estimable citizen of Greensboro, died on Sunday last.—He was well known, says the *Patriot*, in former days, as one of the most enterprising and successful merchants in the town.

WE LEARN, from the Winston *Sentinel*, that a boy by the name of Snyder, some ten or twelve years of age, living near that place, fell from a cherry tree a few days ago, driving a snag into his eye, which pierced his brain, and caused his death.

A most shocking murder has been committed in the Eastern part of Rowan County. The following are the particulars, as given by the Salisbury *Banner*:

"It appears that one Rufus Ludwick married a Miss Campbell about three weeks ago, against the wishes of his parents. She was denied the privilege of entering their house; they protested against their son's living with her. She suddenly disappeared, and was gone nearly a week, when the neighbors, becoming suspicious of foul play, had Ludwick arrested, and instituted a search for his wife, and found her dead in the Yadkin River, near the premises of his parents. An inquest was held over the body yesterday, but we have not heard whether any marks of violence were found upon her person.

The general belief prevails that Ludwick murdered his wife and cast her into the river, and that the parents were accessory to the deed. The matter was yesterday, or will be to-day, fully investigated. Sufficient evidence has already been elicited to commit Rufus Ludwick to jail.

P. S. Since writing the above, we learn that the body of the dead woman was removed from the river late Wednesday evening. A bullet hole through her head showed that she had been shot with a rifle; her throat was also cut; either of which wounds would have proved mortal.

This is the most shocking murder it has ever been our duty to chronicle. A young and highly respectable woman, just married, has been most inhumanly treated, first by the parents of the accused, in denying her access to their house, and finally most brutally murdered, by whom it is not positively known, but believed by her husband, assisted or instigated by his inhuman parents.—The facts, so far as elicited, go to establish this. We have not heard whether the parents of the accused have been arrested or not, but we presume they will be."

POLITICAL ESTIMATES.—A writer in the New York *Evening Post* submits a list of the States and an estimate of their political complexion in the next House of Representatives and in the electoral college at the next Presidential election. He gives Connecticut and all the seceded States to the Democrats, together with Delaware, Maryland and Kentucky. The result is, in the electoral college, Republicans 220, Democrats 99; in the House, Republicans 141, Democrats 104. The writer adds:

"If New York be given to the Democrats, the Republicans would still have in the electoral college one hundred and eighty-seven votes, to one hundred and thirty-two Democrats. If New York and Pennsylvania are both given to the Democrats, this would make the electoral college one hundred and sixty one Republicans to one hundred and fifty-eight Democrats. If Connecticut, which is given to the Democrats in the list, should go Republican, this would give the Republicans fifteen majority, with the loss to them of New York and Pennsylvania. If the Republicans should lose these States and New Jersey and gain Connecticut, they would still have a majority in the electoral college. You will see that the struggle is likely to be lively, and the contest close."

EVIDENCE OF RADICAL POVERTY.—The Radicals must be poor, indeed, if we are to judge their wealth by the newspapers they have established in Virginia, and which appear to be doing business upon the starvation basis. The little eight by ten sheet in this city, which is dignified by McPherson's appointment, with the exalted position of "official organ" of Congress, is the most sickly attempt at journalism that we have ever seen made in a city. And now we perceive that Norfolk and Petersburg are both pressed into the support of one petty little tri weekly—meanly printed and poorly edited—which appears simultaneously in both cites, under the title of the "*Union Republican.*" This is the same sheet that was started recently in Norfolk as a semi-weekly, and in less than a month was in the hands of the sheriff. If the Radicals expect to carry Virginia or the South, they must make more liberal provisions for printer's ink.—The newspapers they have thus far established in this State are certainly a disgrace to the party that has all the money and all the power of the Government.—*Richmond Examiner.*

JUDGE "DICK" BUSTED—*His Corrupt Practices in Alabama.*—The conduct of Judge Richard Busted, of New York, who has been holding a United States District Court for Alabama since the termination of the late unpleasantness between the United States and the so-called Confederate States, has lately been in defiance of the rules of practice of any court in the civilized world, in utter disregard of the rights of litigants, in derogation of the proper respect and courtesy which should pertain between judge and bar, and in utter violation of the civil rights of citizens of the United States. So flagrant has been Judge Busted's disregard of the law and facts which should decide suits, that the members of the Montgomery bar, with visitors from the bars of other cities within this Federal district, have held several meetings lately with a view to impeach the Judge before Congress.—*Montgomery (Ala.) Daily Mail, June 6th.*

THE CIRCUS GONE!—Judge C——, of Atlanta, was advocating the passage of a law to wipe out all indebtedness and to enable the people to begin anew, and was very earnest in his support of wholesale repudiation, when a young lawyer, very modestly, drew his attention to the fact that the Constitution forbids the passage of any law which impairs the validity of contracts. The Judge, after regarding his young friend for some seconds, with evident compassion, remarked, "My friend, your talk about the Constitution and validity of contracts reminds me of a parcel of boys riding stick horses in a circus, after circus is gone." The young attorney made no reply, and the Judge remained master of the situation.

Attorney General Stanberry's opinion, as recently published, was so imperfectly transmitted or printed that he has determined that the forthcoming opinion on the powers of military commanders shall not be given to the public until printed copies of it can be prepared for transmission by mail to the leading journals of the country.

The golden wedding of the Right Rev. George Upfold, D. D. the Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Indiana, was commemorated at Indianapolis, on Monday evening, the 8th inst. The Bishop received many gifts, amounting to about $1,100, and the other remembrances amounting to fully $600 more.

WADE FOR CONFISCATION.—In his speech at Lawrence, Kansas, Senator Wade said that the shadow of another struggle was over us; that Congress, which has done so much for the slave, cannot quietly regard the terrible distinction which exists between the laborer and employer. Property is not fairly divided, and a more equal distribution must be wrought out.

Two young girls of Cincinnati, aged about sixteen years each, one of them the daughter of a well known clergyman, and the other a daughter of a highly esteemed ex-county official, deliberately left their homes about ten days since and became inmates of disreputable houses.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

MEXICAN NEWS—BUT LITTLE HOPE FOR MAXIMILIAN.

NEW YORK, June 14, M.

The *Herald* has a special from San Louis Potosi, of the 29th. Juarez rejects the terms proposed by Maximilian, made at an interview with Escobado. On the reception of the rejection Maximilian and Miramon were placed in separate cells, and their guards doubled. The letter expresses but little hope for Maximilian's safety.

PROBABLE ASSEMBLING OF CONGRESS BY THE PRESIDENT—THE SURRATT TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

A special to the Baltimore *Sun* and New York *World* says that the President will probably assemble Congress in August, by proclamation, to adjust the complications under the reconstruction acts.

The Court has adjourned on account of the sickness of Judge Fisher, without progress in getting a jury in the Surratt case.

The people are indisposed to serve, and make all possible excuses.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 14, M.

Stocks steady. Money 6@7. Gold dull $1,37@$1,37½. Sterling, on time, 10@10½. Sight ½.—5-20 Coupons of '62 $110@$110½.

LIVERPOOL, June 14, P. M.

Cotton firmer. Sales 10,000 bales. Uplands 11½. Orleans 11½.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

MEXICAN NEWS—THE N. Y. PRESS ON MILITARY COMMANDERS, &c.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

Romero, the Mexican Minister, has a letter from Diaz dated Tuanbaya, May 26th, which says that in a few days he will have thirty-five thousand troops, including nine thousand cavalry, when he will attack the City of Mexico and none will escape. He could force the city with his present army, but lacks the cavalry to guard the avenues of escape.

Diaz concludes: "When you shall receive this letter the soil of Mexico will already have been cleared of traitors."

Revenue receipts to-day $685,000.

The New York *Herald* and *Tribune* are furious over the policy foreshadowed by the extract telegraphed from the *National Intelligencer* yesterday. The *Tribune* says:

"We feel that the President is treading on dangerous ground, not only for himself but for the country."

The *Herald* says: "Congress must meet in July. It must meet with the resolute will to carry on the movement, now greater and more necessary than ever, of impeaching and removing Andrew Johnson from the Executive chair."

The *Times* says: It may be wise to restrain such removals for the future, but it will be a grave and practical mistake to reverse the action taken hitherto and a still greater blunder to remove or punish the officers for having taken it.

All the members but Browning attended the Cabinet meeting to-day.

THE VIRGINIA STATE DEBT.

RICHMOND, June 14.

The Auditor gives official notice that the interest on the Virginia State debt will be payable at the Treasury in Richmond on the first of July next, the money now being in the Treasury to pay it. It is estimated that there will be a large surplus at the Treasury after paying it.

The Auditor also states that funds have been remitted to London to pay the interest maturing there on July 1st.

J. M. Langston, of Ohio, colored, addressed the negroes here this evening.

DECISION IN REGARD TO BANKS.

AUGUSTA, June 14.

Judge Reese, in the Superior Court to-day, decided that neither at common law, nor under the code of Georgia, could the Banks of the State make a legal surrender of their charters, unless accepted by the Legislature. This decision in its effects annuls all attempted surrenders of the Banks of the State, as the Legislature has failed to accept in every instance where the attempt has been made.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 14, P. M.

Cotton firm, sales 2200 bales 27.

Flour declined 10@15. State $7 80@$11 ¼. Southern dull, mixed to good $11@$11.90. Fancy to extra $12@15½.

Corn dull. Mixed Western, new, $1,10@$1,13. Pork dull, $21,37. Lard 12@13.

Naval Stores quiet. Spirits Turpentine 61@61½; Rosin $3,62@$8.

Stocks a little heavy. Money 6@7; Gold $1,37@$1,38. 5'20 coupons of '62 $110½.

BALTIMORE, June 14, P. M.

Cotton firmer, 26½.

Corn firmer. White $1,02@$1,03. Mixed Western 96.

WILMINGTON, June 14.

Cotton quiet 23½. Spirits Turpentine steady 52½. Rosins $2,50@$5.

LOWNDS, June 14, P. M.

Consols 94½. Bonds 73½.

LIVERPOOL, June 14, P. M.

Cotton; sales 12,000 bales. Uplands 11½. Orleans 11½.

A Savannah paper says that few if any freedmen are to be found loitering unemployed, about the wharves. The demand for field hands has furnished them an excellent opportunity to avoid idleness; and all except the incorrigibly vicious and bad class have availed themselves of it to the fullest extent.

During one of the Baptist anniversary meetings at Chicago, last week, while E. D. Jones, Esq., of Missouri, was speaking, a gentleman in the audience cried out, "Please stop, brother Jones! I can't hear *all* that these ladies and gentlemen around me are saying!" This, as a reporter says, was a decided "hit," and brought down the house.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says the construction put upon the reconstruction acts by General Schofield "will not disfranchise five thousand men in the State," and we believe the *Dispatch* to be very nearly correct in its estimate.—*Harrisonburg Union (Radical.)*

A Texas paper urges the importance of all persons registering who may be entitled to do so under the registration law, and says that, with 71,000 white votes against 36,000 black, success over the negroes and Radicals is certain.

At a fashionable church in New York the contribution plates are carried around by the young ladies, to the great benefit of the treasury.

A New Orleans correspondent of a Chicago paper writes that Radical meetings have actually been held in negro houses of ill-fame.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

A No 1. article, in perfect running order and entirely new, for sale.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

June 14-262-tf

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,

MISS M. P. MANGUM,
Care of Dr. J. F. CAIN,
Hillsboro, N. C.

June 12-260-6w

MASONIC.

MT. OLIVE LODGE, No. 195,
BROWERS' MILLS, N. C., June 8th, 1867.

AT A CALLED COMMUNICATION OF MT. Olive Lodge, No. 195, held on the 24th. of May, 1867, GILLEM CAGLE, a Master Mason, was suspended for six months from all the rights and benefits of Masonry, for unmasonic conduct.

Said Cogle is 50 years of age, 6 feet high, dark complexion, gray hair, and by occupation a farmer.

J. W. RICHARDSON,
Secretary.

June 12-260-1w

SUPERIOR N. C. WHISKEY,

In Bbls and Cases, of the make of Nick Williams and others.

N. C. Family Flour, Dried Peaches and Apples, Fresh Mountain Butter, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers.

June 8-256-tf

It is delightful to find how much real sympathy with distress there is in the world. All that is needed is something to bring it out. One touch of nature makes the whole world kin. Just now our exchanges overflow with condolences with our fellow-citizen Mr. A. T. Stuart on the diminution of his income. Last year it was over three millions, but this year it has fallen to a little over seven hundred thousand dollars. So sudden a downfall naturally touches the tenderest cords of the human heart. To see a man thus reduced in a single year from affluence to a steady receipt of two thousand dollars a day, is certainly heart rending. But the benevolence of our people is boundless, and Mr. Stuart must be comforted in his misfortunes by the briny tears which sympathizing friends all over the land are shedding over his fate.—*New York Times.*

Ashley, in his wrath at the failure of the Judiciary Committee to make out a case of impeachment against President Johnson, swears there is treason at Washington, and that "disloyalty has taken possession of the halls of Congress." Ashley knows Washington, and he knows Congress. We have no doubt he tells the truth for once.

Judge Clarke, of Huntsville, Arkansas, committed suicide recently by cutting his throat in an ambulance, while being conveyed from Little Rock to his home for trial upon a charge of "defrauding widows and orphans of federal soldiers out of pensions &c., collected by him from the United States government.

Illiterate juries seem to be remarkably plenty just now. The Milwaukee *Sentinel* gives the following copy of the ballot on a verdict: "No Gieldly; Geidig for boy; Not Guiteng; Gueldy; Guiltiny; Geltig; Not Gueldy; Not Gieldig; Not Giltig."

Rev. Thomas W. Tobey, professor of languages and belles lettres, Judson Institute, Marion, Alabama, has been appointed by Governor Patton Commissioner to represent Alabama at the Paris Exposition.

The Northern papers complain that juries there are always severe on railroad companies in assessing "damages."

New Georgia wheat has already appeared in the New York market.

It is said that General Grant is in favor of General Sherman for the next Presidency.

Mrs. Abraham Lincoln is going to take up her abode in Racine, Wis., and her effects were sold in Chicago on Saturday.

It is said that in Indiana "cold feet" are regarded as a good cause for divorce.

The last newest thing is the paper neck tie.

SPECIAL NOTICES

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 225, Hudson, N. Y.

Apr 6-245-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-245-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ZEphyrs at 25 cts. per ounce at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

FOR RENT.

The building lately occupied by the Biblical Recorder Printing Office, known as the old Register Office. Enquire on the premises.

HUPHAM & HUGHES.

June 4-253-tf

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRIS & CO.
April 29-244-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

SPARKLING SODA WATER.

PHIL. THIEM,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,

HAS JUST PUT UP ONE OF THE FINEST SODA FOUNTAINS ever erected in the State. In the manufacture of Soda Water, he employs only genuine materials and has the finest variety of choice syrups. If any one wants a sparkling glass of COLD SODA WATER, THIEM'S is the place to get it.

June 8-256-2w

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" " Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Booters,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at

April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!

Fashionable Molesskin Hats.
" Blk. Fine felt "
" White " " "
Cashmere and Wool "

A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols, Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at

G. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

BOOK STORES.

MITCHELL'S GEOGRAPHY AND ATLAS.

Just to hand at Pentress' Corner,

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 25-246-tf

REMOVED TO PENTRESS' CORNER,

NEXT DOOR TO TUCKER'S NEW HALL.

Call and see our new stock.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

my 17-238-tf

JUST RECEIVED, TO-DAY,

AT OUR NEW STORE.

Combing House Slates best quality,
Common school " "

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

my 17-238-tf

BAPTIST HYMNS.

Morocco, Sheep and Roan,
Just received at

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 21-244-tf

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH, WORDSWORTH, HOOD, COWPER, TENNYSON, LONGFELLOW, OSSIAN, HALLECK, SCOTT, MEREDITH, MORRIS, MILTON, BYRON, HEMANS, CAMPBELL, COLERIDGE, MOORE, MCCAULEY, MISS MULOCH, WILLIS, PERSTON, BURNS.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 29-249-tf

NEW BOOKS.

We are receiving, every week, new supplies of all the Standard

SCHOOL BOOKS, LIBRARY BOOKS, STATIONERY AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,

in our line, which we offer to the Trade and to School Teachers at the lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.

My 21-242-tf

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.

Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.

May 29-249-tf

4 DOZEN SOUTHERN HARMONY AND MUSical Companion.
100 Bradbury's Golden Chain and Censer.
1000 Sabbath School Wreath, &c., &c.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

May 29-249-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

READ THE FOLLOWING CONCERNING

FOWLING PIECES.

MANY PERSONS SEEM UNCERTAIN AS to the construction of Gen. Sickles' order against carrying "deadly weapons," and are afraid to hunt squirrels, &c. We are assured by an officer on the General's Staff, that the order is only intended to prohibit the too common practice of carrying concealed weapons upon the person, and to check the lawlessness so prevalent in certain sections of the country.—*Union Register.*

At the suggestion of numerous friends, we have ordered a few

EXCELLENT SHOT GUNS!

Which we will sell at a small advance on the manufacturer's price.

Call and see the article at

R. R. ANDREWS & CO'S.
Clothing and Furnishing Store.

Raleigh, June 1-252-1m

MRS. E. A. NIXON,

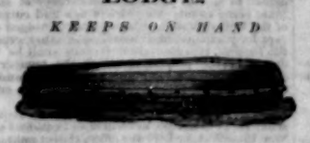
CAN ACCOMMODATE, with good board and lodging, EIGHT OR TEN PERSONS, on favorable terms. Her house is conveniently situated, on Fayetteville Street, near to the business portion of the city. Apply soon.

May 30-250-tf

HENRY J. BROWN,

OPPOSITE THE MASONIC LODGE.

KEEPS ON HAND



FISK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES ALSO Walnut and other Wood Coffins.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to. A good HEARSE kept on hand.

A L S O,

Dealer in Furniture,

MANUFACTURED AND REPAIRED.

June 4-253-1m.

M. GRAUSMAN'S

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Next to Tucker's Hall.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS, 1867.

I HAVE A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED stock of Spring and Summer Goods, of first quality, consisting of

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN BROADCLOTHS, COATINGS, VESTINGS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, LINENS,

&c., &c., &c.,

and am prepared to make to order any garment wanted, as cheap as it can be obtained in any Merchant Tailoring Establishment in New York, and in a style which cannot be surpassed in the United States. I employ only the best Cutters and Workmen, and guarantee satisfaction to all who favor me with their patronage.

My Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

And Gentlemen's Furnishing GOODS,

will be sold at lower prices than any goods of the quantity in the City.

NEW ARRIVALS TWICE EVERY WEEK.

M. GRAUSMAN.

June 1-252-2w

DRY GOODS.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG,

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.

April 19-216-tf

S. H & W. J. YOUNG,

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

&c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of

May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

IN LUCK AGAIN!

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS

OF NEW GOODS!!!

JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich

GRENADINES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
MOHAIRS,
AND POPLINS,

ALSO,

SHEER ORGANDIES
RICH JACONETTS,
PERCALES,
PEQUE,

AND

50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.

These goods have been bought since the

RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,

So that we can give you handsomer goods for the price than we have been able to do since the

CLOSE OF THE WAR.

—ALSO,—

A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,

PLAID HOMESPUNS,

GENT'S AND BOYS WEAR.

DENIMS AND LINENS &c.

And a beautiful stock of Ladies' and Misses' Trimmed and *Untrimmed HATS*, Rainbows, Almas, Patti, &c., &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

my 17-238-tf

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC GETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. GETTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the

ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.

April 4-236-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL AS-

ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN CUFFS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-228-tf

JUST RECEIVED

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

100 of the latest styles and patterns

SILK SACQUES

AND MANTLES.

Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer wear.

PRINTS,

and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16, Fayetteville St.,

May 3-227-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BACON! BACON!! BACON!!!

ANOTHER LOT OF PRIME SOUTHAMPTON SIDES just received by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Market Square.

May 24th., 1867.

WASHING MACHINES.

In store on exhibition, *free of charge*, the Nonpareil and Boy UNIVERSAL WASHING MACHINES, with Wringers complete at manufacturer's prices, with freight only added. The sooner we take hold of them, the better for all concerned.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
May 28-tf. Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Bremen.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,

AND

BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, Registered, scratched &c., also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and are liable to changes—the highest rates paid when notes are received.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	34
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	13
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	45
" Roxboro'	50
" Thomasville	50
" Wadesboroughs	34
" Washington	13
" Wilmington	23½
" Yanceyville	4
Commercial Bank Wilmington	22½
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	50
Miners' and Planters' Bank	33

Thos. Branch & Sons will forward from Petersburg, free of commission, all consignments to

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond.

Feb 6-154-

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

230 Hhds. and 40 Tierces and Bbls. "Clayed Cuba" and "Muscovado" MOLASSES, mostly in bright and new packages.

Just landing, for sale by

WILLARD BROS.
29-30 and 31 North Water St.
my 17-238-1m Wilmington, N. C.
Standard Copy.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed by A. T. Sawyer to R. W. Fullam, W. H. Jones and Geo. W. Swepson, on the 26th. day of February, 1867, to secure the payment of eight hundred and thirty-six dollars, we will expose at public sale, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday, the 25th. day of June, 1867, for cash, the House and lot mentioned and described in said Deed, situated near the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Depot, in the City of Raleigh, being the same occupied by said Sawyer.

The property is valuable for a Produce and Grocery Store. The House contains four rooms, Kitchen and other necessary out houses attached.

This sale will be made to satisfy the debt secured by said Deed of Trust and the costs incurred in executing the same.

The sale will take place within the hours appointed for judicial sales.

R. W. FULLAM,
W. H. JONES,
GEO. W. SWEPSON.

May 24-245-2awtd

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orris "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Carolanson Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel "
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piaz

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867.

A BEAUTIFUL POEM.

On the bosom of a river
Where the sun unloosed his quiver,
Or the starlight streamed forever,
Sailed a vessel light and free.
Morning dew-drops hung like manna,
On the bright folds of her banner,
While the zephyr rose to fan her
Softly to the radiant sea.

At her prow, a pilot beaming
In the flush of youth stood dreaming,
And he was in glorious seeming,
Like an angel from above;
Through his hair the breezes sported,
And as on the wave he floated
Oft that pilot, angel-throated,
Warbled lays of hope and love.

Through those locks so brightly flowing
Buds of laurel bloom were blowing,
And his hands anon were throwing
Music from a lyre of gold.
Swiftly down the stream he glided,
Soft the purple waves divided,
And a rainbow arch abided
On his canvas' snowy fold.

Anxious hearts, with fond devotion,
Watched him sailing to the ocean,
Praying that no wild commotion,
Midst the elements might rise.
And he seemed some young Apollo
Charming summer winds to follow,
While the water fay's carolls
Trembled to his music sighs.

But those purple waves enchanted
Rolled beside a city haunted
By an awful spell that daunted
Every comer to her shore.
Night-shades rank the air encumbered,
And pale marble statues numbered
Where the lotus-eaters slumbered
And awoke to life no more.

Then there rushed, with lightning quickness,
O'er his face a mortal sickness,
And the dews in fearful thickness
Gathered o'er his temples fair.
And there swept a dying murmur,
Through the lovely Southern summer
As the beauteous pilot comer
Perished by that city there.

Still rolls on that radiant river,
And the sun unbinds his quiver,
And the star-light streams forever
On its bosom as before.
But that vessel's rainbow banner
Greets no more the gay savanna,
And that pilot's lute drops manna
On the purple waves no more.

[Julia Pleasants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE.

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Gross Herrings and Rock in Bbls.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

NASHVILLE MALE ACADEMY.

THE SECOND SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence on the 15th. of July next, and continue 20 weeks.

Turrion for Primary branches	$12.
Higher branches of English	$15.
Latin and Greek, extra for each	$5.

I tender many thanks for the patronage of last Session, which gave rise to such auspicious prospects.

For further particulars, address:
O. C. STALLINGS,
Principal,
14-235-wtd. Nashville, N. C

ASSETS OVER

$5,000,000,

IN THE

ÆTNA LIFE INS. CO;

CHARTERED IN 1820.

W. H. CROW, Genl Agent for

NORTH CAROLINA,

OFFICE NORTH OF THE CAPITOL,

RALEIGH.

STATEMENT OF FACTS FOR THE PUBLIC:

It is a fact that 50 per cent was paid on life policies the 1st. Jan'y 1867, to those having paid their premium for two years.

It is a fact that the following amounts have been paid at this office:

Justus Kinney's,	Raleigh,	5,000
J. E. Weeks,	Elizabeth City	5,000
T. J. Garnett,	Weldon	3,000
R. B. Turnage,	Kinston	10,000

It is also a fact that the Company, are now ready to pay another loss, by the death of Col. Jno. F. Sanders, of Johnston county of $5,000, who died 17th. May, and the Administrator is invited to come forward.

It is a fact that half of the premium can be paid by a note at 6 per ct. int: and a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge.

It is a fact, as stated in the Wall Street Reporter: The Ætna Company is one of the 1st. Class Companies in America.

Widows and Orphans of the true hearted and provident call her a blessing indeed.

Any further information will be cheerfully imparted by the agent at his office or sent by mail.

W. H. CROW, G. A.

TRAVELLING AGENTS.

A. W. Lawrence,
Ed. Johnson,
J. E. Spearman.
June 3-253-1m

"THE CHURCH OF THE STRANGERS,"

NEW YORK,

REV. DR. DEEMS, Pastor.

STRANGERS visiting New York are respectfully informed that a congregation, composed of Christians of different Protestant denominations, has been organized under the pastoral charge of the Rev. Charles F. Deems, D. D., of North Carolina. Visiting clergymen of the several churches are invited to officiate. No sectarianism, no partisan politics, will be allowed to interfere with the worship.

The service is held morning and night in the Large Chapel of the University, immediately West of the New York Hotel.

The Pastor's residence and post office address is 231 West 34th. Street. Strangers in the city, who are sick or in distress, may freely call upon Dr. Deems for pastoral service.

When any member of any church comes to New York to engage in business, let him call promptly on the Pastor of the Church of the Strangers. Especially let this be done in the case of young men who will have a cordial welcome.

Newspapers through the country, friendly to the enterprise, will please copy this advertisement and allow it to stand.

my 18-239-tf

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

SESSION OF 1867.

Fall Term opens July 24th.

Course of instruction Classical, Mathematical, and Commercial.

Address,
COL. WM. BINGHAM,
June 8-256-1m

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND

EXAMINE THE MANY

BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 8-256-tf

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

Headquarters 2nd Military District,
Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling, employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold, the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8 In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES.
J. W. Clous, A. A. A. G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	35,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th. the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
June 3-253-9m Proprietor.

CLEAVELAND MINERAL SPRINGS,

(FORMERLY WILSON'S.)

These celebrated SPRINGS are situated in Cleaveland county, North Carolina, near the line of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad, 25 miles West of Charlotte, and will be open by the 15th. of June for the accommodation of visitors.

The waters consist of White and Red Sulphur and Chalybeate, and are pronounced by competent judges to be unsurpassed by any of the kind upon this Continent. Ample accommodations have been provided for a large number of guests.

Doctor Taylor (one of the Proprietors) has had a large experience in the treatment of diseases incident to our Southern climate, (especially those of women and children,) and will take pleasure in advising invalids in the use of the waters.

Vehicles will be at the Depot on arrival of the trains to take visitors to the Springs at moderate charges. For other particulars, address the Proprietors at Shelby, Cleaveland county, N. C.

C. F. SPRATT,
M. B. TAYLOR,
JNO. J. BLACKWOOD,
July 13-260-3t Proprietors.

BY EXPRESS.

4 doz. Small Brass Pad Locks, for Dog Collars.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.
June 5-254-tf

MASON'S PATENT

FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,

For Sale by the single one, or dozen.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, June 12-260-tf With Hart & Lewis.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

Whereas, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish, or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of the legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supercede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who have first taken and subscribed the oath of registration set forth in the third section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate pro tem.

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 5th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the law.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any state, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and all agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR RENT.

A small family, living in a most desirable part of the city, having a large, commodious residence would rent half of the house and lot, including kitchen, pantry, smoke-house, garden &c., to desirable parties.

The house can be had furnished or unfurnished; either by the month or year. There is also a most delightful well of water on the lot. Terms moderate. Apply at the

"SENTINEL" OFFICE.
June 4-253-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune

1867.

As spring approaches
Ants and Roaches
From their holes come out,
And Mice and Rats
In spite of cats,
Gaily skip about.

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm'r

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals &c.*

☞ !!! Beware !!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy

☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR, 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold in Raleigh N. C.

☞ By—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S"

CELEBRATED

BUCKTHORN SALVE,

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Eruptions, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c; Chapped Hands, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh, N. C.

"COSTAR'S"

UNIVERSAL

CORN SOLVENT,

For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

☞ Boxes 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"

CELEBRATED

BISHOP PILLS,

A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL,

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.
mar 28-196-3mdaw

"COSTAR'S"

PREPARATION OF

BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.

Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

☞ Bottles, $1.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"

PECTORAL

COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

☞ Bottles, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

1867. SPRING 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 258 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the

ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.

mar 21-190-3m*

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

TRADE ST., SPRINGS' BUILDING.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Brenizer Kellogg & Co.

GREENSBORO' N. C.

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern bank notes, Exchange, bonds, stocks and coupons.

Collections made on all accessible points. Deposits received subject to sight checks.

REFER TO

BREM, BROWN & CO., Charlotte, N. C.
Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON, "
Gov. Z. B. VANCE, Charlotte, N. C.
JESSE H. LINDSAY, Esq., Greensboro,' N. C.
April 5-204-tf

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

IN ORDER TO PLACE PHOTOGRAPHS WITH in the reach of everybody, and thereby increase my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE

of Photographs one fourth.

Now is the time. Call early.

J. W. WATSON.
mar 28-197-tf

JUST RECEIVED,
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES;

From the celebrated manufactury of T. MILES & SON.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-232-tf

BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday the 13th. day of June next.

C. DEWEY,
Raleigh, N. C. may 6-229-3taw Cashier.
Progress copy.

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

24 Fayetteville Street 24

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little niceties that will repay inspection.

Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.
Feb 25-170-3m

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-eoly

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

In store a good supply of cheap Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Com. Merchant

Petersburg Advertisements.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

ATTRACTIVE STOCK.

McILWAINE & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Dry Goods, Notions & Clothing,

NO. 79 SYCAMORE, and
NO. 1 TABB STREETS,

PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA,

Take pleasure in announcing to the trade that they have in store, ready for exhibition, a large assortment of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

embracing all articles usually kept in wholesale establishments. Their long business experience with the merchants of

Virginia and North Carolina,

has made them familiar with their wants; this, together with the advantages they possess in purchasing their supplies, enables them to offer goods at such prices as will insure satisfaction. They specially invite the attention of buyers to their extensive stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

manufactured expressly to their own order, which for style, workmanship and cheapness cannot be surpassed. They would also call attention to a full line of

NOTIONS,

All of which will be offered to purchasers on the very best terms, by Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece, who have charge of the department.

McILWAINE & CO.,
mar 20-189-3m Petersburg and No. 1 Tabb Streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $2 each with the first premiums to each subscriber.

Address
W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, $4, with the premiums for each.
mar-18-187-tf.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making a Certain Provision for one's Family."

BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any sale Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policey, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.

Dr. E. Burke Haywood, Medical Examiner,—Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
April 24-220-3m

TO PRINTERS & PUBLISHERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE THE following Printing Materials, &c., which will be sold very low for cash or good notes.

200 lbs. more or less of Minion in very good